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OCREVUS Sample Coding

Multiple Sclerosis (MS)

TYPE	CODE		DESCRIPTION
ICD-10-CM	G35		Multiple sclerosis
Drug: HCPCS	J2350		Injection, ocrelizumab, 1 mg
NDC	**10-digit**	**11-digit**	
	50242-150-01	50242-0150-01	ocrelizumab, 300 mg vial
CPT†	96413		Chemotherapy administration, intravenous infusion technique; up to 1 hour, single or initial substance/drug
	96415		Chemotherapy administration, intravenous infusion technique; each additional hour (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
	96365		Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); initial, up to 1 hour
	96366		Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); each additional hour (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

CPT=Current Procedural Terminology.
HCPCS=Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System.
ICD-10-CM=International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification.
NDC=National Drug Code.

*The C-code is used primarily in the Medicare hospital outpatient setting. However, some payers accept C9494 instead of unclassified J- or C-codes when billing for OCREVUS. Please check with your payers to verify codes and special billing requirements.

†For payers who do not yet recognize OCREVUS as approved for chemotherapy administration codes 96413 and 96415, other administration codes, such as 96365 and 96366, may be used depending on individual payer policy.[1]

Reference:

1. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Medicare Claims Processing Manual. Chapter 12 – Physicians/Nonphysician Practitioners. https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/downloads/clm104c12.pdf. Revised May 31, 2018. Accessed December 3, 2018.

Important Safety Information & Indication

Indications

OCREVUS is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with relapsing or primary progressive forms of multiple sclerosis.

Contraindications

OCREVUS is contraindicated in patients with active hepatitis B virus infection and in patients with a history of life-threatening infusion reaction to OCREVUS.

Warnings and Precautions

Infusion Reactions:

Management recommendations for infusion reactions depend on the type and severity of the reaction. Permanently discontinue OCREVUS if a life-threatening or disabling infusion reaction occurs.

Infections:

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Delay OCREVUS administration in patients with an active infection until the infection is resolved. Vaccination with live-attenuated or live vaccines is not recommended during treatment with OCREVUS and after discontinuation, until B-cell repletion.

Malignancies:

An increased risk of malignancy, including breast cancer, may exist with OCREVUS.

Most Common Adverse Reactions

RMS: The most common adverse reactions in RMS trials (incidence ≥10% and >REBIF): upper respiratory tract infections and infusion reactions.

PPMS: The most common adverse reactions (≥10% and >placebo): upper respiratory tract infections, infusion reactions, skin infections, and lower respiratory tract infections.

For additional safety information, please see the full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.